NEVADA SUNRISE GOLD CORPORATION

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

NOTE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, if an auditor has not performed a review of interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a note indicating that the interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements.

NEVADA SUNRISE GOLD CORPORATION
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	$ 234,394	$ 431,423
Marketable securities – Note 5	605,244	319,752
Receivables – Note 4	65,873	24,214
Prepaid expenses and deposits	22,290	31,385
	927,801	806,774
Non-current assets		
Marketable securities – Note 5	23,625	126,000
Reclamation bonds and right of way – Note 8	105,285	111,331
Equipment	105	307
Exploration and evaluation assets – Note 7	974,442	1,263,193
	1,103,457	1,500,831
Total assets	$ 2,031,258	$ 2,307,605
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$ 677,817	$ 485,324
Due to related parties – Note 11	20,328	9,722
Due to Dedicated Mining Technology Inc. – Note 7	-	181,252
	698,145	676,298
Equity		
Share capital – Note 9	18,884,530	18,724,555
Contributed reserves – Note 9	3,380,712	3,299,512
Accumulated other comprehensive income	832,855	796,768
Deficit	(21,764,984)	(21,189,528)
	1,333,113	1,631,307
Total liabilities and equity	$ 2,031,258	$ 2,307,605

Corporate Information – Note 1
Going Concern – Note 2
Commitments – Notes 7 and 9

Approved by the Directors:

"Warren Stanyer" Director   *"Michael Sweatman"* Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

NEVADA SUNRISE GOLD CORPORATION
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
For the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	2018	2017
Expenses		
Accounting and audit – Note 11	$ 11,750	$ 16,850
Consulting fees	26,998	26,141
Depreciation	212	204
Directors' fees – Note 11	12,000	12,000
Exploration and evaluation costs – Note 7	255,341	61,881
Foreign exchange	5,235	14,781
Insurance	4,205	4,552
Legal – Note 11	85,589	118,474
Management fees – Note 11	23,800	40,300
Office expenses	12,132	12,102
Rent – Note 11	8,286	6,275
Shareholder communications	18,719	20,486
Share-based payments – Notes 9 and 11	81,200	-
Storage	3,492	5,669
Transfer agent and filing fees	6,235	3,083
Travel and entertainment	4,762	5,611
	(559,956)	(348,409)
Other items		
Gain on sale of exploration and evaluation assets – Note 7	-	892,500
Option payments received – Note 7	-	290,539
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	13,130
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	(15,500)	601,510
	(15,500)	1,797,679
Income (loss) for the period	(575,456)	1,449,270
Foreign currency translation adjustment	36,087	37,803
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	$ (539,369)	$ 1,487,073
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	$ (0.01)	$ 0.04
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – basic and diluted	47,281,090	39,487,183

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

NEVADA SUNRISE GOLD CORPORATION
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income (loss) for the period	$ (575,456)	$ 1,449,270
Items not involving cash:		
Depreciation	212	204
Amortization of right of way	141	135
Share-based payments	81,200	-
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	(13,130)
Unrealized (gain) loss on marketable securities	15,500	(601,510)
Gain on sale of exploration and evaluation assets	-	(892,500)
Net changes in non-cash working capital balances:		
Receivables	(9,790)	13,537
Prepaid expenses and deposits	9,095	9,659
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	154,178	149,542
Due to related parties	10,606	4,422
	(314,314)	119,629
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Reclamation bonds and right of way	(19,029)	-
Exploration and evaluation assets – consent shares sold	113,363	-
Exploration and evaluation assets – acquisition costs	(99,536)	(121,069)
	(5,202)	(121,069)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	-	159,930
Issuance of securities, net of costs	145,975	756
	145,975	160,686
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	(23,488)	4,117
Change in cash during the period	(197,029)	163,363
Cash, beginning of the period	431,423	94,913
Cash, end of the period	$ 234,394	$ 258,276
Interest paid	$ -	$ -
Income taxes paid	$ -	$ -

Supplemental disclosure with respect to cash flows – Note 10

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

NEVADA SUNRISE GOLD CORPORATION
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

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	Share Capital					
	Number of Shares	Amount	Contributed Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit	Total
Balance as at September 30, 2018	45,044,133	$ 18,724,555	$ 3,299,512	$ 796,768	$ (21,189,528)	$ 1,631,307
Private placements – Note 9	3,000,000	150,000	-	-	-	150,000
Less: share issue costs – Note 9	-	(4,025)	-	-	-	(4,025)
Property acquisition costs – Notes 7 and 9	200,000	14,000	-	-	-	14,000
Share-based payments – Note 9	-	-	81,200	-	-	81,200
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	36,087	-	36,087
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(575,456)	(575,456)
Balance as at December 31, 2018	48,244,133	$ 18,884,530	$ 3,380,712	$ 832,855	$ (21,764,984)	$ 1,333,113
Balance as at September 30, 2017	39,434,800	$ 18,090,699	$ 3,056,521	$ 681,333	$ (17,078,592)	$ 4,749,961
Exercise of finder's warrants – Note 9	4,200	1,218	(462)	-	-	756
Property acquisition costs – Notes 7 and 9	250,000	43,750	-	-	-	43,750
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	37,803	-	37,803
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	1,449,270	1,449,270
Balance at December 31, 2017	39,689,000	$ 18,135,667	$ 3,056,059	$ 719,136	$ (15,629,322)	$ 6,281,540

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nevada Sunrise Gold Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada on April 3, 2007. On May 15, 2007, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Intor Resources Corporation ("Intor") by way of a reverse takeover. Intor was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada, USA on September 7, 2004.

The Company's principal business activity is the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of its mineral property assets located in the State of Nevada, USA. The Company's common shares are listed for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "NEV".

The Company's registered office is Suite 408 - 1199 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 2R1.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required to be included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on March 1, 2019 by the directors of the Company.

Going Concern

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared using IFRS applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the Company will continue in operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Future operations are dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional equity financing and the attainment of profitable operations.

The Company has a history of operating losses and at December 31, 2018, has an accumulated deficit of $21,764,984. At December 31, 2018, the Company had working capital of $229,656. The Company will require equity financings and/or liquidation of its marketable securities in order to continue exploration of its exploration and evaluation assets and fund its administrative operations.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. These conditions may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd…)

Principles of Consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements incorporate the accounts of the Company and the following subsidiary:

Name of subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Percentage ownership	Principal Activity
Intor Resources Corporation	USA	100%	Exploration of Mineral Properties

The Company consolidates the subsidiary on the basis that it controls the subsidiary through its ability to govern its financial and operating policies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

Basis of Measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments as fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information. All dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified.

Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

Critical Judgments

Preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires the Company to make judgments regarding the going concern of the Company as discussed in Note 2.

The functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates. The determination of an entity's functional currency requires judgment based on analysis of relevant criteria. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries was determined by conducting an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates* ("IAS 21").

Estimations and assumptions

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

i) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The carrying amount of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets properties does not necessarily represent present or future values, and the Company's exploration and evaluation assets have been accounted for under the assumption that the carrying amount will be recoverable. Recoverability is dependent on various factors, including the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral properties themselves. Additionally, there are numerous geological, economic, environmental and regulatory factors and uncertainties that could impact management's assessment as to the overall viability of its properties or to the ability to generate future cash flows necessary to cover or exceed the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd…)

***Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions** (cont'd…)*

ii) Share-based Payments

The estimation of share-based payments includes estimating the inputs used in calculating the fair value for share-based payments expense included in profit or loss and share-based share issuance costs included in equity. Share-based payments expense and share-based share issuance costs are estimated using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model as measured on the grant date to estimate the fair value of stock options. This model involves the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility of the Company's common shares, the expected life of the options, and the estimated forfeiture rate.

iii) Income Taxes

The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful discovery, extraction, development and commercialization of mineral reserves. To the extent that management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets, and future income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is recorded over the estimated useful lives of the assets on the straight line basis:

Field equipment	7 years

An item of equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss. Where an item of equipment is composed of major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of equipment. Expenditures incurred to replace a component of an item of equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditures, are capitalized. The assets' residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Exploration and Evaluation Assets

All direct costs related to the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets are capitalized upon acquiring the legal right to explore a property. Exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred prior to the determination of the feasibility of mining operations and a decision to proceed with development, are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Exploration and evaluation costs are expensed as incurred while the Company is in the process of exploring its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. If and when the Company's management determines that economically extractable proven or probable mineral reserves have been established, the subsequent costs incurred to develop such property, including costs to further delineate the ore body will be capitalized.

Proceeds in the form of cash and/or common shares received, and reimbursements of historical acquisition costs, from a partial sale or option of any interest in a property are credited against the carrying value of the property. When the proceeds exceed the carrying costs, the excess is recorded in profit or loss in the period the excess is received. When all of the interest in a property is sold, subject only to any retained royalty interests that may exist, the accumulated property costs are written-off, with any gain or loss included in profit or loss in the period the transaction takes place.

At each reporting date the carrying amounts of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash generating units to which the exploration activity relates. Each of the Company's properties are considered to be a separate cash generating unit. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Decommissioning and Restoration Provisions

The Company recognizes liabilities for legal or constructive obligations associated with the retirement of exploration and evaluation assets and equipment. The net present value of future rehabilitation costs is capitalized to the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

The Company had no decommissioning liabilities as at December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates and has been determined for each entity within the Company. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of Intor is the United States dollar. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21.

i) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the relevant functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, the monetary assets and liabilities of the Company that are denominated in foreign amounts are translated at the rate of exchange at the date of the statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss.

ii) Translation of Subsidiary Results into the Presentation Currency

The Company's presentation currency is in the Canadian dollar.

The results and statements of financial position of the Company's subsidiary with a functional currency that is different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at the period end rates of exchange, the results of operations are translated at average rates of exchange for the period, and items of equity are translated at historical rates. The resulting changes are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") in equity as a foreign currency translation adjustment.

Share-based Payments

The stock option plan allows Company employees, directors and consultants to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of options granted is recognized as a share-based payments expense with a corresponding increase in equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee. Consideration paid on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital and the fair value of the options is reclassified from contributed reserves to share capital.

The fair value is measured at grant date and each tranche is recognized over the period during which the options vest.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

***Share-based Payments** (cont'd…)*

The fair value of the options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model which takes into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. At each financial position reporting date, the amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of stock options that are expected to vest.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

Income Taxes

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the local taxable income or loss for the year, using local tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position reporting date, and includes any adjustments to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous periods.

Deferred income taxes are recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the financial position reporting date. Deferred tax is not recognized for temporary differences which arise on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting, nor taxable profit or loss.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Loss Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted loss per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders or the weighted average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive.

Financial Instruments

i) Financial Assets

All financial assets are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception into one of the following four categories: held to maturity, available for sale, loans and receivables or at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized through profit or loss. The Company's cash and marketable securities are classified as FVTPL.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables and held to maturity assets are measured at amortized cost. The Company's receivables are classified as loans and receivables. Financial assets classified as available for sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income except for losses in value that are considered other than temporary which are recognized in profit or loss. The Company classifies its reclamation bonds and right of way as held to maturity. No financial assets are classified as available for sale.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Financial Instruments *(cont'd…)*

i) Financial Assets (cont'd…)

Transaction costs associated with FVTPL financial assets are expensed as incurred, while transaction costs associated with all other financial assets are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired, other than those classified as FVTPL. If such evidence exists, the Company recognizes an impairment loss as follows:

a) Financial assets carried at amortized cost: The loss is the difference between the amortized cost of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted using the instrument's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced by this amount either directly or indirectly through the use of an allowance account.

b) Available-for-sale financial assets: The impairment loss is the difference between the original cost of the asset and its fair value at the measurement date, less any impairment losses previously recognized in profit or loss and accumulated other comprehensive income. This amount represents the cumulative income that is reclassified to profit or loss.

ii) Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception as FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and due to Dedicated Mining Technology Inc. are classified as other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading and recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Fair value changes on financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized in profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, (or cash generating unit) the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. Following the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation charge applicable to the asset is adjusted prospectively in order to systematically allocate the revised carrying amount, net of any residual value, over the remaining useful life.

Where an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate and its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Share Capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and stock options are recognized as a deduction from equity. Common shares issued for consideration other than cash, are valued based on their market value at the date the shares are issued.

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of warrants attached to private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component. The Company considers the fair value of common shares issued in the private placements to be the more easily measurable component and the common shares are valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing market price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded as contributed reserves.

New Standards and Interpretations

The following new standards were adopted by the Company for the year ended September 30, 2019:

- IFRS 9: New standard that replaced IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial instruments. Adoption of this standard did not have any material impact on financial statement presentation other than increased disclosure.

- IFRS 15: New standard that replaced IAS 11 which establishes a single five–step model framework for determining the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. Adoption of this standard did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

New Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are mandatory for future accounting periods. The following have not yet been adopted by the Company and are being evaluated to determine their impact.

- IFRS 16: Leases: New standard to establish principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases with an impact on lessee accounting, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company is still in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of this standard.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

***New Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted** (cont'd…)*

- IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments: New standard to clarify the accounting for uncertainties in income taxes. The interpretation provides guidance and clarifies the application of the recognition and measurement criteria in IAS 12 "Income Taxes" when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on January 1, 2019. The Company is currently assessing the impact of IFRIC 23 on its consolidated financial statements.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values of the Company's receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and due to Dedicated Mining Technology Inc. approximate their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair values of reclamation bonds and right of way also approximate their carrying values.

The following table illustrates the classification of the Company's financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
December 31, 2018:			
Cash	$ 234,394	$ -	$ -
Marketable securities	$ 628,869	$ -	$ -
September 30, 2018:			
Cash	$ 431,423	$ -	$ -
Marketable securities	$ 445,752	$	$ -

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

The Company's cash is held with large financial institutions. The Company's receivables consist of goods and services tax receivable from the Government of Canada, advances to related parties and exploration expenses incurred on behalf of third parties.

Management believes that credit risk concentration with respect to receivables is remote. The composition of receivables as at December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Goods and services tax receivable	$ 4,174	$ 3,079
Other receivables	675	-
Due from Kore Mining Ltd.	22,340	21,135
Reclamation bonds and right of way – Golden Arrow	31,869	-
Extension payment on behalf of Global Energy Metals Corp.	6,815	-
	$ 65,873	$ 24,214

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd…)

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2018, the Company had cash of $234,394 to settle current liabilities of $698,145. Management intends to obtain additional equity financing and/or dispose of its marketable securities in order to meet its current liabilities as they become due. See going concern discussion in Note 2.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances which are not subject to significant risks in fluctuating interest rates. The Company's policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. An increase to interest rates by 1% would have an insignificant effect on the Company's operations.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in US dollars.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings, or ability to obtain equity financing, due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company's marketable securities are subject to price risk. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold, lithium, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Sensitivity Analysis

The Company through its subsidiary operates in the United States and is exposed to exchange risk from changes in the US dollar. At December 31, 2018, a 10% fluctuation in the US dollar against the Canadian dollar would affect comprehensive loss by approximately $54,900.

At December 31, 2018, a 10% fluctuation in the fair value of the Company's marketable securities would affect comprehensive loss by approximately $62,900.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

		December 31, 2018		September 30, 2018
Common shares of public companies:				
Fair value, opening	$	445,752	$	711,635
Acquisitions		350,000		924,500
Proceeds on sale		-		(1,168,728)
Dedicated Mining Technology – consent shares returned – Note 8 (l)		(151,383)		
Marketable securities in accounts payable – Note 8 (l)		-		181,252
Realized gain on sale				441,487
Unrealized loss		(15,500)		(644,394)
	$	628,869	$	445,752

The Company has determined that it does not hold significant influence in any of its investments. The fair value is determined at each reporting date by reference to the closing price of these common shares which are publicly traded.

6. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment, being the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Nevada, USA. All of the Company's non-current assets are located in the United States.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Title to exploration and evaluation asset interests involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous historical title conveyance characteristic of many mineral claims. The Company has investigated title to all of its exploration and evaluation asset interests and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its interests are in good standing. The exploration and evaluation assets the Company has committed to earn interests in are located in the State of Nevada, USA.

Schedule of Exploration and Evaluation Assets for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2018

	Golden Arrow	Water Right	Neptune/ Aquarius	Lovelock/ Treasure Box	Coronado	Gemini/ Jackson	Atlantis	Total
Balance, September 30, 2018	$ 350,000	$ 512,448	$ 123,957	$ 156,809	$ 36,286	$ 48,449	$ 35,244	$ 1,263,193
Option payments - cash	-	39,647	-	-	39,647	-	-	79,294
Option payments - shares	-	31,500	-	-	14,000	-	-	45,500
Consent shares returned	-	(151,383)	-	-	-	-	-	(151,383)
Sale proceeds - shares	(350,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(350,000)
Staking	-	-	-	-	26,850	-	-	26,850
Translation adjustment	-	35,461	7,061	8,933	4,765	2,760	2,008	60,988
Balance, December 31, 2018	$ -	$ 467,673	$ 131,018	$ 165,742	$ 121,548	$ 51,209	$ 37,252	$ 974,442

Schedule of Exploration and Evaluation Assets for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Golden Arrow	Water Right	Neptune/ Aquarius	Lovelock/ Treasure Box	Boyer/ Coronado	Gemini/ Jackson	Atlantis	Total
Balance, September 30, 2017	$ 3,579,975	$ 220,106	$ 110,233	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 36,848	$ 3,947,162
Option payments - cash	64,148	112,259	-	23,093	41,696	-	-	241,196
Option payments - shares	-	172,500	-	31,000	-	43,750	41,250	288,500
Option receipts - cash	(140,650)	-	-	-	-	-	(12,830)	(153,480)
Option receipts - shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,000)	(32,000)
Claim maintenance	76,502	-	9,641	29,204	27,473	4,392	-	147,212
Staking	-	-	-	71,733	674	-	-	72,407
Translation adjustment	113,956	7,583	4,083	1,779	359	307	1,976	130,043
Write-down of E&E assets	(3,343,931)	-	-	-	(33,916)	-	-	(3,377,847)
Balance, September 30, 2018	$ 350,000	$ 512,448	$ 123,957	$ 156,809	$ 36,286	$ 48,449	$ 35,244	$1,263,193

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Exploration and evaluation costs for the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 were allocated as follows:

		2018		2017
Golden Arrow	$	141	$	135
Roulette		-		4,324
Lovelock/Treasure Box		-		49,108
Coronado		255,200		-
Jackson Wash		-		4,652
Water Right		-		3,662
	$	255,341	$	61,881

(a) Golden Arrow

The Company had a mining lease and two quitclaim deeds covering certain patented and unpatented mineral claims which comprised the Golden Arrow property. The mining lease agreement had an annual advance minimum royalty payment of US$25,000 per year. One of the quitclaim deeds required an annual royalty payment of US$25,000 per year.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company satisfied the advance royalty payments by way of cash payments totalling $64,148 (US$50,000).

Sale of Golden Arrow to Emgold Mining Corporation and Write-down of the Golden Arrow Property

On November 9, 2018, the Company received TSX-V approval for the sale of Golden Arrow to Emgold Mining Corporation ("Emgold"). Emgold purchased the initial 51% interest in the Golden Arrow property and exercised its option to purchase the remaining 49% interest in the Golden Arrow property. Details of the Emgold transaction are provided below.

On November 14, 2018, Emgold issued the Company 5,000,000 common shares with a fair value of $350,000. On September 30, 2018, the Company wrote down the Golden Arrow property to its realizable value of $350,000. The Company recorded a write-down of exploration and evaluation assets of $3,343,931.

On February 22, 2019, the Company sold the 5,000,000 common shares of Emgold privately for proceeds of $320,000. At December 31, 2018, the 5,000,000 Emgold shares had a market value of $500,000 and are included in marketable securities.

Plan of Operations

On May 11, 2016, the Company received a Project Plan of Operations Approval from the US Bureau of Land Management for the State of Nevada for the Golden Arrow property. The Plan of Operations allowed for drilling of up to 240,000 feet (approximately 73,000 metres) over a ten-year period.

Reclamation Bond and Right of Way

The Company has posted a reclamation bond of US$20,185 on the Golden Arrow property. The Plan of Operations required an increase in the reclamation bond to US$94,011 upon commencement of exploration. The Company has applied to the Bureau of Land Management for a refund of the Golden Arrow bond and Emgold Mining Corporation will be responsible for all future bonding on the property.

The Company was granted a 10 year right of way to access the Golden Arrow property. The Company paid US$4,262 to prepay the right of way for the entire 10-year term which began July 2016 and carries through to June 2025. The Company has amortized the right of way on a straight-line basis over the ten-year term, expensed as exploration and evaluation costs. The Company expects to be reimbursed by Emgold for the remaining term of the right of way.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

***(a) Golden Arrow** (cont'd...)*

Emgold Mining Corporation – Letter of Intent

On July 13, 2018, the Company executed a second amended letter of intent (the "Second Amended LOI") with Emgold Mining Corporation. The Second Amended LOI replaced the original letter of intent dated July 18, 2017 (the "Original LOI") and the first amended letter of intent dated December 27, 2017 (the "First Amended LOI"), and provided for the acquisition by Emgold of an immediate 51% interest in the Golden Arrow property with an option to acquire an additional 49% interest by making the cash and share payments detailed below.

The terms of the Second Amended LOI provided that Emgold would acquire a 51% interest in the Golden Arrow property by making cash payments to the Company of $100,000 and by issuing the Company 2,500,000 common shares of Emgold as follows:

Initial Acquisition by Emgold of 51% Interest in the Golden Arrow Property

Date	Cash Payments	Emgold Shares	Percentage Interest
Execution and delivery of the Original LOI	$35,000 (rec'd)	-	0%
Execution and delivery of the First Amended LOI	$32,000 (rec'd)	-	0%
On or before July 13, 2018	$33,000 (rec'd)	2,500,000 (rec'd)	51%
Sub-Total:	$100,000	2,500,000	51%

The Second Amended LOI further provided that the Company would grant Emgold the sole and exclusive right and option (the "Option") to acquire an additional 49% interest in the Golden Arrow property, which would be exercisable by Emgold for a period of 24 months from the Closing Date (the "Option Period") by Emgold issuing the Company an additional 2,500,000 common shares of Emgold as follows:

Emgold's Option to Acquire an Additional 49% Interest in the Golden Arrow Property

Date	Cash Payments	Emgold Shares	Percentage Interest
On or before 24 months from Closing Date	-	2,500,000 (rec'd)	100%
Sub-Total:	-	2,500,000	100%
Total:	$100,000	5,000,000	100%

Emgold is responsible for all holding costs, including claims fees, core storage fees, and other holding costs.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(b) Kinsley Mountain

The Company and Liberty Gold Inc., ("Liberty") hold joint venture interests in Kinsley Gold LLC, which holds a mining lease agreement relating to the Kinsley Mountain property. The mining lease agreement has a 3% net smelter royalty on production. The mining lease agreement runs through June 2020, however, Kinsley Gold LLC has the right to terminate the lease upon thirty days written notice or to extend the lease beyond 2020 provided it continues to make the required advance minimum royalty payments (the "Royalty Payments") (see below). Per the terms of the mining lease agreement, Kinsley Gold LLC has an obligation to expend a minimum per calendar year of US$500,000 (the "Minimum Expenditures" (which includes the Royalty Payments) (2018 – obligation met) in exploration, development and mining activities on the Kinsley Mountain property.

The Royalty Payments included within the "Minimum Expenditures" are as follows for the years ending September 30:

- 2019: $170,000
- 2020 and thereafter: $220,000

Liberty is the operator of the joint venture activities undertaken by Kinsley Gold LLC.

The Company and Liberty approved a 2018 exploration budget for Kinsley Gold LLC of US$559,415. The Company's proportionate share was $US117,142. During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company recorded exploration and evaluation costs of $169,199 (US$129,308) through Kinsley Gold LLC.

At December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018, the Company's proportionate interest in Kinsley Gold LLC and the Kinsley Mountain property was 20.94%. The presumption that the Company has significant influence by holding 20% or more of the voting power through the joint venture is overcome due to limitations in policy making processes and decisions.

(c) Neptune

On September 16, 2015, the Company entered into an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the Neptune lithium property located in the Clayton Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada.

For the option to earn a 100% interest in the property, the Company agreed to issue 1,000,000 common shares of the Company to the optionor as follows:

Date of Payment	Common Shares
October 20, 2015	200,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $47,000)
September 16, 2016	300,000 common shares (172,218 common shares of Advantage Lithium Corp. ("Advantage") issued in lieu to the optionor by Advantage (Note 7(k))
September 16, 2017	500,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $107,500)

The optionor could elect to receive common shares of either the Company, or Advantage, at its discretion. As the obligations are the responsibility of Advantage (Note 7(k)), the Company was reimbursed by Advantage for any common shares issued by the Company to the optionor.

Neptune is subject to a 3% gross overriding royalty ("GOR").

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(d) Clayton NE

On December 3, 2015, the Company entered into an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the Clayton NE lithium property located in the Clayton Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada.

For the option to purchase a 100% interest in the property, the Company agreed to issue 500,000 common shares of the Company to the optionor as follows:

Date of Payment	Common Shares
December 3, 2015	100,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $18,000)
December 3, 2016	150,000 common shares (34,865 common shares of Advantage issued in lieu to the optionor by Advantage)
December 3, 2017	250,000 common shares (issued during the year ended September 30, 2017 at a fair value of $50,000)

The optionor could elect to receive common shares of either the Company, or Advantage, at its discretion. As the obligations are the responsibility of Advantage (Note 7(k)), the Company was reimbursed by Advantage for any common shares issued by the Company to the optionor.

<u>*Sale of Clayton NE to Pure Energy*</u>

On December 11, 2017, the Company and Advantage (together, the "Vendors") completed the sale of the Clayton NE and Triton lithium projects to Pure Energy Minerals Limited ("Pure Energy"). Pure Energy issued the Vendors 7,000,000 common shares, of which 2,100,000 common shares were issued to the Company at a fair value of $892,500.

The Vendors agreed to voluntary restrictions on the trading of the shares for a period of 18 months. In addition, the Vendors agreed that for a period of 24 months following sale, they will vote their respective shares at meetings of shareholders of Pure Energy in favor of all matters proposed by Pure Energy's management. Pure Energy has agreed to assume a 3.0% gross overriding royalty and certain other obligations of the vendors pursuant to the underlying option agreement.

(e) Jackson Wash

On December 17, 2015, the Company entered into an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the Jackson Wash lithium property located in the Jackson Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada.

For the option to purchase a 100% interest in the property, the Company agreed to issue 500,000 common shares of the Company to the optionor as follows:

Date of Payment	Common Shares
December 17, 2015	100,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $19,000)
December 17, 2016	150,000 common shares (32,887 common shares of Advantage issued in lieu to the optionor by Advantage)
December 17, 2017	250,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $43,750)

The optionor could elect to receive common shares of either the Company, or Advantage, at its discretion. As the obligations are the responsibility of Advantage (Note 7(k)), the Company was reimbursed by Advantage for any common shares issued by the Company to the optionor.

Jackson Wash is subject to a 3% GOR.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(f) Atlantis

On February 11, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement for an option to purchase a 100% interest in the Atlantis lithium property located in the Fish Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada.

For the option to purchase a 100% interest in the property, the Company agreed to issue 500,000 common shares of the Company to the optionor as follows:

Date of Payment	Common Shares
February 11, 2016	100,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $18,000)
February 11, 2017	150,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $39,000)
February 11, 2018	250,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $41,250)

Atlantis is subject to a 3% GOR.

Atlantis - Option Agreement - American Lithium Corp.

On March 14, 2016, the Company entered into a property option agreement with American Lithium Corp., ("American Lithium") (the "Optionee") granting American Lithium the option to earn an 80% interest in the Atlantis lithium property by making payments of cash and common shares to the Company and by incurring exploration expenditures on the property as follows:

Date	Cash	Common Shares	Exploration Expenditures
March 2016	$53,079 (US$48,050) (received)	-	-
April 2016	$100,000 (received)	-	-
March 21, 2016	-	50,000 [(1)] (received at a fair value of $262,500)	-
By March 14, 2017	-	-	US$100,000 (incurred)
By November 15, 2018	-	-	US$250,000 (incurred)
By November 15, 2019	-	-	US$650,000
By May 15, 2018	-	100,000 [(1)] (received at a fair value of $32,000)	-
By May 15, 2019	-	100,000 [(1)]	-

(1) American Lithium underwent a 10:1 share consolidation, or "reverse-split" of its common shares on August 28, 2017 and a subsequent 1:2 "forward-split" on May 2, 2018, Therefore, all share payments by American Lithium due to the Company for Atlantis are reduced by a factor of 5.

Should American Lithium not make future common share payments to the Company or not incur the required exploration and evaluation expenditures, the property option agreement will terminate without notice. Any shortfalls in exploration expenditures in any year may be paid to the Company in cash to keep the option in good standing. Any excess amounts of exploration expenditures incurred in a year can be applied to future years.

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(f) Atlantis *(cont'd…)*

On May 14, 2018, the Company extended the dates of the exploration expenditure commitments of US$250,000 to November 15, 2018 and US$650,000 to November 15, 2019. The Company also extended the dates of the common share commitments. The Company received an extension fee of $US10,000.

(g) Gemini

The Company owns a 100% interest in a group of mineral claims known as the Gemini lithium property ("Gemini"). These claims were acquired by way of staking. Gemini is located in the Lida Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada. Refer to Note 7(k) for details of the option of Gemini to Advantage by the Company which was terminated during the year ended September 30, 2017.

On September 21, 2016, the Company entered into a Definitive Joint Venture Agreement with Kore Mining Ltd. (formerly Eureka Resources Inc.) ("Kore") to sell a 50% participating interest in the Gemini project. Kore was related by virtue of common directors. Both parties' interests are 50% each. The joint venture is not conducted through a separate entity. Kore is the operator of the project.

Kore earned a 50% participating interest in Gemini by reimbursing the Company for 50% of the Gemini acquisition and evaluation costs. In addition, Kore issued the Company 50,000 common shares with a fair value of $39,500. Kore completed a 10:1 share consolidation on October 30, 2018 which is reflected in the above share total.

(h) Aquarius

The Company owns a 100% interest in a group of mineral claims known as the Aquarius lithium property. These claims were acquired by way of staking. Aquarius is located in the Clayton Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada. Refer to Note 7(k) for details of the option of Aquarius to Advantage by the Company, which was terminated during the year ended September 30, 2017.

(i) Triton

In June 2017, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Triton lithium property located in the Clayton Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada. The acquisition of Triton is subject to an area of interest clause contained within the property agreement for the Clayton NE project. The Triton property was incorporated into the Advantage option agreement detailed in Note 7(k).

The cost of the Triton property was $38,000, which was paid by Advantage. See Note 7(d) for details of the sale of the Triton to Pure Energy.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(j) Water Right

Option of Clayton Valley Water Right:

On March 16, 2016, the Company signed a definitive water right purchase agreement for the option to purchase a 100% interest in water right Permit 44411 (the "Permit") in the Clayton Valley, Nevada. The pre-existing water right allows for 1,770 acre/feet of water use for mining and milling per year.

In consideration for the option to purchase the water right, the Company agreed to pay the vendors a combination of cash, common shares, and share purchase warrants as follows:

Date of Payment	Cash	Common Shares	Share Purchase Warrants
March 30, 2016	US$125,000 (paid) (1)	200,000 (issued with a fair value of $36,000) (1)	2,250,000 (issued) (1)
December 21, 2016	US$150,000 (paid) (2)	250,000 (issued with a fair value or $67,500) (2)	n/a
December 21, 2017	US$175,000 (3)	300,000 (3)	n/a
December 21, 2018	US$200,000 (4)	350,000 (4)	n/a
December 21, 2019	US$300,000	400,000	n/a
December 21, 2020	US$350,000	500,000	n/a
Total	US$1,300,000	2,000,000	2,250,000

Pursuant to amending agreements dated January 6, 2017 and December 13, 2017, the Company will receive the following if the water right (currently the subject of litigation over a ruling of forfeiture) is forfeited:

(1) US$125,000 of this cash payment, the 200,000 common shares and the 2,250,000 share purchase warrants will be refundable to the Company should the Company's ability to use the water right to its fullest extent be restricted by any regulation or statute.

(2) US$75,000 of this cash payment and the 250,000 common shares issued will be refundable to the Company should the Company's ability to use the water right to its fullest extent be restricted by any regulation or statute.

(3) The Company made a cash payment of US$87,500 and issued 300,000 common shares with a fair value of $45,000, both of which are refundable to the Company should the Company's ability to use the water right to its fullest extent be restricted by any regulation or statute.

(4) On October 31, 2018, the Company signed a letter of intent to further amend the water right purchase agreement. The letter of intent amended the terms for the payment of the remaining cash payments due on the purchase price. The Company did not make the US$200,000 payment due on December 21, 2018.

Under the terms of the letter of intent the Company was required to pay US$20,000 on signing (paid). In addition, the Company is required to pay US$5,000 per month thereafter. The Company has made the US$5,000 payments for the months of November 2018 through February 2019. All the amounts are to be applied to the remaining purchase price. This arrangement will continue until such time as a determination is made with respect to the forfeiture of the water right.

On January 25, 2019, the Company issued 350,000 common shares with a fair value of $31,500. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2018.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

***(j) Water Right** (cont'd…)*

The 2,250,000 share purchase warrants were issued during the year ended September 30, 2016, with the following terms:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
750,000	$0.50	March 30, 2018 (expired)
750,000	$0.70	March 30, 2019
750,000	$1.00	March 30, 2020

The fair value of the share purchase warrants was calculated as $210,000 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the weighted average assumptions below. Fair value is particularly impacted by stock price volatility, determined using historical price data for a term equivalent to the expected life of the warrant.

Risk-free interest rate	1.50%
Expected life of warrants	3 years
Annualized volatility	125%
Dividend rate	0%

On August 31, 2016, the Company signed a consent agreement with Advantage and the vendors of the water right, whereby the vendors consented to assign the terms of the original water right option agreement to Advantage for consideration as follows:

Description	**Cash**	**Common shares**
August 31, 2016	$31,250 (paid)	-
Transfer of Advantage Lithium Corp., common shares by the Company	-	258,932 (transferred with a fair value of $142,413 during the year ended September 30, 2016)

On November 29, 2016, the State Engineer's office of the Nevada Division of Water Resources ("NDWR") issued a ruling of forfeiture against the Permit, citing lack of beneficial use for a period of five years. The Company filed an appeal on December 29, 2016 with the NDWR and presented evidence of beneficial use of the Permit in its appellate briefs.

A hearing was held in December 2017 at which a judge ruled that the court had the jurisdiction to hear the Company's appeal. A hearing of the Company's appeal of the forfeiture of the Permit took place in April 2018. The next hearing is set to take place in April 2019.

<u>*Due to Dedicated Mining Technology Inc.*</u>

At September 30, 2018, marketable securities include the 258,932 common shares of Advantage valued at $181,252 that were originally transferred to the vendor of the Permit, Dedicated Mining Technology Inc. ("Dedicated Mining"), as a part of the above consent agreement. These Advantage shares were returned to the Company when the Permit was forfeited and were held by the Company in escrow, pending a ruling with respect to the forfeiture. A corresponding liability of $181,252 was set up to Dedicated Mining.

On October 31, 2018, Dedicated Mining agreed to release the 258,932 Advantage shares from escrow to be sold to fund ongoing legal costs related to the defence of the Permit. To date, the Company has sold 194,000 shares for proceeds of $113,363 which were paid to the Company's legal counsel.

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

***(j) Water Right** (cont'd…)*

Option of Water Right to Advantage Lithium Corp.:

Advantage has the option to acquire a 100% interest in the Permit for a period of 120 days after the date that the Nevada State engineer approves the application to transfer the place of use and point of diversion of the Permit to the Aquarius property.

In order to exercise the Water Right Option, Advantage shall pay the Company an amount equal to the sum of (with no due date specified):

- The water rights cash payments made by the Company prior to the grant of the Water Right Option to Advantage;
- The value of the water right share payments issued by the Company before the exercise of the Water Right Option by Advantage;
- US$200,000, payable in cash or a calculated value in Advantage shares, at Advantage's option.

After exercise of the Water Right Option, Advantage shall be solely responsible for making all remaining water right cash payments and water right share payments.

As a result of the NDWR ruling of forfeiture of the Permit, the Company's ability to use the water right is uncertain, consequently, the Company and Advantage have re-negotiated the option of water right agreement as follows:

Advantage's obligation to (i) fund the water right cash and share payments, (ii) pay all fees and costs (including legal and administrative fees) associated with the application to transfer the place of use and point of diversion of the water permit (including the cost of defending the validity of the water permit as a result of objections to the transfer made by third parties), and (iii) pay all legal and other costs required to maintain the water permit, were suspended until the determination is successfully appealed and the forfeiture of the water right overturned; provided that, if the Nevada State Engineer, or the court, as applicable, determines that the water right is valid, then in order to maintain the water right option, Advantage shall reimburse the Company for 120% of all amounts owing by Advantage pursuant to the water right option agreement.

On August 3, 2018, the Company executed a termination agreement with Advantage to cancel Advantage's option to earn an interest in the Company's water right in the Clayton Valley of Nevada, namely Permit 44411 ("the Water Rights Option").

In consideration for the termination of the Water Rights Option, the Company issued Advantage 1,700,000 common shares with a fair value of $127,500 (the "Termination Shares"). In addition to statutory and TSX-V imposed hold periods, the Termination Shares will be subject to hold periods that expire, as follows:

- 425,000 Termination Shares on August 3, 2018;
- 425,000 Termination Shares on February 3, 2019;
- 425,000 Termination Shares on August 3, 2019;
- 425,000 Termination Shares on February 3, 2020.

During the hold periods described above, Advantage agreed that it will not sell, assign, transfer, or otherwise trade the Termination Shares without the prior written consent of the Company.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(k) Option Agreement - Advantage Lithium Corporation:

On June 16, 2016, Advantage was granted the right to earn up to a 70% interest in each of four of the Company's lithium properties (Neptune, Aquarius, Clayton NE and Jackson Wash) and a 50% interest in Gemini for, among other things, incurring $3,000,000 of exploration expenditures on the properties.

On August 23, 2017, the Company received notice from Advantage that Advantage would not be exercising its options on the Neptune, Jackson Wash, Aquarius and Gemini. Advantage would continue to maintain its option on the Clayton NE project, which consists of the Clayton NE claims and the Triton claims.

Initial Option - Consideration:

Advantage (the "Optionee") will earn its interests in the Optioned Properties by making the following cash and share payments to the Company and by incurring exploration expenditures on the properties as follows:

Details of Proceeds / Expenditure commitments of the Optionee	Cash	Common shares	Expenditure commitment
June 16, 2016	$600,000 (received)	-	-
4.9% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Advantage received, year ended September 30, 2016	-	2,071,447 (received with a fair value of $1,139,296)	-
Minimum exploration expenditures (to include claim maintenance fees for all of the properties that are payable or become payable), by June 16, 2018 (the "Initial Expenditures")	-	-	$1,500,000 (incurred)

There was no specific property allocation requirement relating to the expenditure commitment.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company earned management fee income of $145,290 in connection with the management of Advantage's expenditure commitments.

Second Option:

Advantage has the right to increase its interests in the Optioned Properties to 70% interest by completing, by June 16, 2020, exploration expenditures of $3,000,000, (aggregate expenditures in combination with the Initial Expenditures, with no specified allocations to each of the Optioned Properties). Thereafter, the parties would form a 70/30 joint venture.

At September 30, 2017, Advantage had earned a 51% interest in the Clayton NE project and had incurred $2,709,461 in exploration expenditures on all the projects. On December 4, 2017, Advantage paid the Company $290,539 to earn a 70% interest in the Clayton NE project.

Advantage also retained its interest in the Company's Clayton Valley basin water right (Note 7(j)), which is currently the subject of a judicial appeal of a State of Nevada ruling issued on November 29, 2016, which forfeited the water right alleging lack of beneficial use. On August 3, 2018, the Company executed a termination agreement with Advantage to cancel Advantage's option to earn an interest in the Company's water right.

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(l) Lovelock/Treasure Box

On December 22, 2017, the Company signed a definitive agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Lovelock cobalt property located in Churchill County, Nevada. On December 22, 2018, the Company paid the vendor US$5,000 to extend the first payment date from December 22, 2018 to March 22, 2019.

To earn the 100% interest, the Company is required to pay cash payments and common share payments to the vendor payable over three years from the date of signing of the definitive agreement, subject to a 2% net smelter returns royalty ("NSR") as follows:

- $15,000 (paid) and 200,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of $31,000);
- March 22, 2019: $20,000 and 200,000 common shares;
- December 22, 2019: $25,000 and 250,000 common shares;
- December 22, 2020: $30,000 and 300,000 common shares.

The Company has the right to accelerate the cash payments to the vendor at its discretion. On or before the 10th anniversary of the execution of the agreement, the Company shall have the right to purchase 50% of the NSR for US$1,500,000.

The Company has the right to purchase a 100% interest in the Treasure Box copper property under its area of interest agreement with the vendor of the Lovelock cobalt property.

On January 15, 2019, the Company signed a mining option agreement with Global Energy Metals Corp. ("GEMC") for GEMC to acquire an 85% interest in the Lovelock cobalt property and the Treasure Box copper property. The agreement allows for GEMC to acquire the interest subject to the Company first acquiring the interest pursuant to the underlying agreement with the vendor.

In order to exercise the option, GEMC is required to complete the following:

- Issue to the Company of such number of common shares in the capital of GEMC as is equal to US$200,000 at a deemed price per share equal to the greater of: (a) $0.15; and (b) the volume weighted average of the closing price of GEMC's shares for the 20 trading days immediately prior to the execution of the agreement.

- Assume all future cash payments to the vendor payable as scheduled above.

- Reimburse the Company for the issue by the Company of its common shares to the vendor with common shares of GEMC, payable as scheduled below:

    - March 22, 2019: such number of GEMC shares as is equal in value to 200,000 shares of the Company on the day prior to their issuance;
    - March 22, 2019: such number of GEMC shares as is equal in value to US$5,000 to reimburse the Company for the extension payment made by the Company to the vendor on December 22, 2018.
    - December 22, 2019: such number of GEMC shares as is equal in value to 250,000 shares of the Company on the day prior to their issuance; and
    - December 22, 2020: such number of GEMC shares as is equal in value to 300,000 shares of the Company on the day prior to their issuance.

- GEMC must also incur exploration expenditures totaling US$1,000,000 by the third anniversary of the agreement.

The GEMC option agreement was accepted for filing by the TSX Venture Exchange on January 31, 2019. GEMC issued the Company 1,728,133 common shares with a fair value of $86,407.

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(m) Boyer

On April 6, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the Boyer copper property located in Churchill County, Nevada.

The Company could acquire a 100% interest in the Boyer property subject to a 1% NSR in consideration for cash payments totalling US$2,500,000, as described below:

- A non-refundable US$5,000 payment (paid) as a pre-option payment for an exclusive 45-day period during which the Company will conduct due diligence on the property and shall receive and review a technical report on the property;
- Within 5 business days following the receipt by the Company of a fully-executed definitive agreement: US$20,000 (paid);
- On or before January 1, 2019: US$30,000;
- On or before January 1, 2020: US$40,000;
- On or before January 1, 2021: US$50,000;
- On or before January 1, 2022: US$2,355,000.

The Company did not make the required property payment of US$30,000 on January 1, 2019 and at that time informed the vendor that it would not be proceeding with the Boyer property option agreement. As a result, the Company wrote-off the property acquisition costs effective September 30, 2018. The Company recorded a write-off of exploration and evaluation assets of $33,916.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

(n) Coronado

On May 18, 2018, the Company signed a 90-day pre-option agreement on the Coronado copper property located in the Tobin Sonoma Range of Pershing County, Nevada. The Company paid US$7,500 to the vendor for this exclusive due diligence period.

On September 25, 2018, the Company entered into a definitive option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in Coronado copper property in consideration for cash and share payments, and minimum exploration expenditures as described below:

Payment Due Dates	Cash Payments	Share Payments	Minimum Exploration Expenditures
Upon TSXV acceptance of the definitive agreement	US$30,000 (paid)	200,000 (issued)	US$50,000 (incurred)
On or before 1st anniversary of definitive agreement	US$35,000	300,000	US$100,000
On or before 2nd anniversary of definitive agreement	US$40,000	400,000	US$150,000
On or before 3rd anniversary of definitive agreement	US$50,000	500,000	US$300,000
On or before 4th anniversary of definitive agreement	US$1,250,000	600,000	US$500,000
Totals:	US$1,405,000	2,000,000	US$1,100,000

The Company has the right to accelerate the timing of cash and share payments to the vendor at its discretion. If minimum exploration expenditures, which include property maintenance costs, are exceeded in any year the excess expenditures will be credited to a succeeding year. For the purposes of an anniversary common shares payment, the value of such payment by the Company to the vendors shall be calculated at a minimum price of $0.15 per common share, and if the closing price of the Company's common shares on the TSXV on the business day prior to any anniversary date when a common shares payment is due and payable is less than $0.15, the monetary difference between $0.15 and the closing share price of the Company shall be paid to the vendors in cash. On the 4th Anniversary payment due date, if the spot cash price of copper as quoted on the London Metal Exchange exceeds $4.00 per pound, the payment due of US$1,250,000 will be increased to US$1,500,000.

The vendor shall retain a 2% net smelter returns royalty, half of which can be purchased by the Company at any time for US$1,500,000, less any advance royalty payments made by the Company. An advance royalty payment of US$500,000 would be payable to the vendors upon completion of a feasibility study.

On October 24, 2018, the option agreement was accepted for filing by the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company paid the vendors US$30,000 and issued the vendors 200,000 common shares with a fair value of $14,000.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. RECLAMATION BONDS AND RIGHT OF WAY

At December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018, the Company has posted reclamation bonds on various properties with the Nevada Bureau of Land Management as a guarantee of exploration site restoration. In addition, the Company has prepaid a right of way for the Golden Arrow property.

	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Golden Arrow – right of way – Note 7(a)	$ -	$ 4,259
Golden Arrow – Note 7(a)	-	26,029
Coronado – Note 7(n)	19,626	-
Roulette	9,135	8,643
Neptune – Note 7(c)	22,051	20,862
Jackson Wash – Note 7(e)	19,289	18,250
Gemini – Note 7(g)	9,412	8,904
Aquarius – Note 7(h)	25,772	24,384
	$ 105,285	$ 111,331

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED RESERVES

a) Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

b) Issued:

During the Three Months Ended December 31, 2018:

Private Placement

- On October 29, 2018, the Company issued 3,000,000 private placement units at $0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of $150,000. Each unit contained one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at $0.10 until October 29, 2021. The Company paid finders' fees of $4,025.

Property Option Payment

The Company issued 200,000 common shares for property acquisition costs as follows:

- 200,000 common shares with a fair value of $14,000 for the Coronado property - Note 7(n)

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED RESERVES (cont'd...)

b) Issued:

During the Year Ended September 30, 2018:

Private Placements

- On July 5, 2018, the Company issued 2,220,133 private placement units at $0.15 per unit for gross proceeds of $333,020. Each unit contained one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at $0.25 until July 5, 2021. The residual value of warrants associated with the unit offering was $44,403 or $0.02 per warrant.

- On July 17, 2018, the Company issued 685,000 private placement units at $0.15 per unit for gross proceeds of $102,750. Each unit contained one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at $0.25 until July 17, 2021. The residual value of warrants associated with the unit offering was $34,250 or $0.05 per warrant.

  The Company paid finders' fees of $9,600 and filing fees of $3,379 with respect to the above private placements.

  The warrants issued on the above private placements are subject to an acceleration clause, which will cause the warrants, if unexercised, to expire on the date which is 30 days after the date that the volume-weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the TSX-V exceeds $0.40 per share over a period of ten consecutive trading days.

Finder's Warrants Exercised

The Company issued 4,200 common shares at $0.18 per share pursuant to the exercise of finder's warrants for proceeds of $756.

Property Option Payments

The Company issued 2,700,000 common shares for property acquisition costs as follows:

- 250,000 common shares with a fair value of $43,750 for the Jackson Wash lithium property - Note 7(e)
- 200,000 common shares with a fair value of $31,000 for the Lovelock cobalt property - Note 7(l)
- 300,000 common shares with a fair value of $45,000 for the Clayton Valley water right - Note 7(j)
- 250,000 common shares with a fair value of $41,250 for the Atlantis lithium property - Note 7(f)
- 1,700,000 common shares with a fair value of $127,500 for the Clayton Valley water right - Note 7(j)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED RESERVES (cont'd…)

c) Finders' Warrants:

At December 31, 2018, there were no finders' warrants outstanding.

Finders' warrant transactions and the number of finders' warrants outstanding are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at September 30, 2017	60,575	$	0.17
Warrants exercised	(4,200)		0.18
Warrants expired	(9,000)		0.18
Balance at September 30, 2018	47,375		0.165
Warrants expired	(47,375)		0.165
Balance at December 31, 2018	-	$	-

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED RESERVES (cont'd…)

d) Warrants

Warrant transactions and the number of warrants outstanding are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at September 30, 2017	11,362,353	$	0.39
Warrants issued – exercise of finders' warrants	4,200		0.30
Warrants issued – private placements	2,905,133		0.25
Warrants expired	(793,555)		0.49
Balance at September 30, 2018	13,478,131	$	0.34
Warrants issued – private placements	3,000,000		0.10
Warrants expired	(3,593,000)		0.25
Balance at December 31, 2018	12,885,131		0.31

At December 31, 2018, there were 12,885,131 warrants outstanding and exercisable entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share for each warrant held as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,105,000	$0.50	May 13, 2019
567,916	$0.30	September 18, 2019
832,082	$0.30	October 20, 2019
750,000	$0.70	March 30, 2019
525,000	$0.30	February 24, 2020
750,000	$1.00	March 30, 2020
2,450,000	$0.25	June 16, 2020
2,220,133	$0.25	July 5, 2021
685,000	$0.25	July 17, 2021
3,000,000	$0.10	October 29, 2021

On May 11, 2018, the Company applied to the TSX-V to amend the terms of 2,450,000 outstanding share purchase warrants, originally issued on June 16, 2016. The Company has received approval from the TSX-V to amend the terms of the warrants as follows:

- to extend the term of 2.45 million warrants for an additional two years to June 16, 2020;
- to reduce the exercise price from $0.32 to $0.25.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED RESERVES (cont'd…)

e) Options

The Company has a stock option plan whereby it may grant options to employees, directors, officers, consultants and certain other service providers. The maximum number of options that may be granted under the plan is 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. Options are exercisable for a maximum of 10 years. The exercise price of the options is set in accordance with the policies of the TSX-V. Stock options are subject to vesting requirements as determined by the Company's Board of Directors.

The fair value of 1,015,000 stock options vested during the three months ended December 31, 2018 was $81,200. The fair value of 1,030,000 stock options vested during the year ended September 30, 2018 was $164,800. The fair value of stock options was calculated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the weighted average assumptions below. Fair value is particularly impacted by stock price volatility, determined using historical price data for a term equivalent to the expected life of the option.

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2018
Risk-free interest rate	1.60%	1.60%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years
Annualized volatility	112%	111%
Dividend rate	0%	0%
Weighted average fair value per option	$0.08	$0.16

Stock option transactions and the number of stock options outstanding are summarized as follows:

	Number of Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at September 30, 2017	2,962,500	$	0.35
Options granted	1,030,000		0.18
Options expired	(180,000)		0.50
Balance at September 30, 2018	3,812,500	$	0.30
Options granted	1,015,000		0.105
Options expired	(10,000)		0.50
Balance at December 31, 2018	4,817,500	$	0.26

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED RESERVES (cont'd…)

e) Options

At December 31, 2018, there were 4,817,500 options outstanding and exercisable entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share for each option held as follows:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
557,500	$0.19	January 30, 2019
650,000	$0.50	May 20, 2019
200,000	$0.50	October 8, 2019
100,000	$0.17	September 10, 2020
380,000	$0.22	November 23, 2020
100,000	$0.185	February 8, 2021
785,000	$0.37	September 6, 2021
1,030,000	$0.18	January 25, 2023
1,015,000	$0.105	October 31, 2023

At December 31, 2018, the stock options had a weighted average remaining life of 2.63 years.

10. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current cash flows are excluded from the statements of cash flows. During the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the following non-cash transactions were excluded from the statements of cash flows:

	2018	2017
Reclassification on exercise of finders' warrants to share capital from contributed reserves	$ -	$ 462
Reclassification of Golden Arrow reclamation bonds and right of way to receivables	$ 31,869	$ -
Fair value of common shares to be issued for exploration and evaluation assets included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$ 31,500	$ -
Fair value of common shares issued for exploration and evaluation assets	$ 14,000	$ 43,750
Property acquisition costs included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$ 6,815	$ -
Fair value of marketable securities receivable on consent shares returned by Dedicated Mining Technology Inc.	$ 38,020	$ -

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having the authority and responsibility of planning, directing and executing the activities of the Company. The Company has determined that its key management personnel consist of its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary and Board of Directors.

Remuneration attributed to key management personnel or companies controlled by key management personnel during the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 is summarized as follows:

		2018		2017
Accounting fees	$	13,500	$	13,500
Directors' fees		12,000		12,000
Management fees		23,800		40,300
Share-based payments		52,000		-
	$	101,300	$	65,800

The Company incurred the following charges by a law firm in which a director of the Company is a partner and by another public company with a director in common with the Company during the three months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

		2018		2017
Legal	$	2,908	$	11,844
Rent		8,286		-
	$	11,194	$	11,844

At December 31, 2018, 50,000 common shares of Kore included in marketable securities had a fair value of $4,500 (September 30, 2018 - $12,500).

At December 31, 2018, receivables include $22,340 (September 30, 2018 - $21,135) due from Kore for expenditures incurred on the Gemini lithium property.

As of October 30, 2018, Kore was no longer related to the Company as all common directorships were terminated.

At December 31, 2018, due to related parties includes $20,328 (September 30, 2018 - $9,722) due to directors, officers and a law firm in which a director of the Company is a partner for fees and expenses.

Amounts due from/to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no specific terms of repayment.